## CHICAGO Electric Power Tools 7" ANGLE GRINDER Model 46237

## SET UP AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



Distributed exclusively by Harbor Freight Tools ${ }^{\circledR}$.
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For technical questions or replacement parts, please call 1-800-444-3353.

## SAVE THIS MANUAL

Keep this manual for the safety warnings and precautions, assembly, operating, inspection, maintenance and cleaning procedures. Write the product's serial number in the back of the manual near the assembly diagram (or month and year of purchase if product has no number). Keep this manual and the receipt in a safe and dry place for future reference.

## IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

In this manual, on the labeling, and all other information provided with this product:


This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

## ADANGER

DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.


WARNING
indicates a
hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.


CAUTION, used with the safety alert symbol, indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE is used to address practices not related to personal injury.

## CAUTION

CAUTION, without the safety alert symbol, is used to address practices not related to personal injury.

## $\overline{\text { General Power Tool Safety }}$ Warnings

WARNING Read all safety warnings and instructions. Failure to follow the warnings and instructions may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury.
Save all warnings and instructions for future reference. The term "power tool" in the warnings refers to your mainsoperated (corded) power tool or battery-operated (cordless) power tool.

1. Work area safety
a. Keep work area clean and well lit. Cluttered or dark areas invite accidents.
b. Do not operate power tools in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases or dust. Power tools create sparks which may ignite the dust or fumes.
c. Keep children and bystanders away while operating a power tool. Distractions can cause you to lose control.

## 2. Electrical safety

a. Power tool plugs must match the outlet. Never modify the plug in any way. Do not use any adapter
plugs with grounded power tools. Unmodified plugs and matching outlets will reduce risk of electric shock.
b.Avoid body contact with grounded surfaces such as pipes, radiators, ranges and refrigerators. There is an increased risk of electric shock if your body is grounded.
c. Do not expose power tools to rain or wet conditions. Water entering a power tool will increase the risk of electric shock.
d. Do not abuse the cord. Never use the cord for carrying, pulling or unplugging the power tool. Keep cord away from heat, oil, sharp edges or moving parts. Damaged or entangled cords increase the risk of electric shock.
e.When operating a power tool outdoors, use an extension cord suitable for outdoor use. Use of a cord suitable for outdoor use reduces the risk of electric shock.
f. If operating a power tool in a damp location is unavoidable, use a Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) protected supply. Use of a GFCI reduces the risk of electric shock.
3. Personal safety
a. Stay alert, watch what you are doing and use common sense when operating a power tool. Do not use a power tool while you are tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication. A moment of inattention while operating power tools may result in serious personal injury.
b.Use personal protective equipment. Always wear eye protection.

Safety equipment such as dust mask, non-skid safety shoes, hard hat, or hearing protection used for appropriate conditions will reduce personal injuries.
c. Prevent unintentional starting. Ensure the switch is in the off-position before connecting to power source and/or battery pack, picking up or carrying the tool. Carrying power tools with your finger on the switch or energizing power tools that have the switch on invites accidents.
d. Remove any adjusting key or wrench before turning the power tool on. A wrench or a key left attached to a rotating part of the power tool may result in personal injury.
e. Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times. This enables better control of the power tool in unexpected situations.
f. Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry. Keep your hair, clothing and gloves away from moving parts. Loose clothes, jewelry or long hair can be caught in moving parts.
g. If devices are provided for the connection of dust extraction and collection facilities, ensure these are connected and properly used. Use of these devices can reduce dustrelated hazards.
h. Only use safety equipment that has been approved by an appropriate standards agency. Unapproved safety equipment may not provide adequate protection. Eye protection must be ANSI-approved and breathing protection must be NIOSH-ap-
proved for the specific hazards in the work area.
4. Power tool use and care
a. Do not force the power tool. Use the correct power tool for your application. The correct power tool will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it was designed.
b. Do not use the power tool if the switch does not turn it on and off. Any power tool that cannot be controlled with the switch is dangerous and must be repaired.
c. Disconnect the plug from the power source and/or the battery pack from the power tool before making any adjustments, changing accessories, or storing power tools. Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the power tool accidentally.
d. Store idle power tools out of the reach of children and do not allow persons unfamiliar with the power tool or these instructions to operate the power tool. Power tools are dangerous in the hands of untrained users.
e.Maintain power tools. Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts and any other condition that may affect the power tool's operation. If damaged, have the power tool repaired before use. Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained power tools.
f. Keep cutting tools sharp and clean. Properly maintained cutting tools with sharp cutting edges are less likely to bind and are easier to control.
g. Use the power tool, accessories and tool bits etc. in accordance with these instructions, taking into account the working conditions and the work to be performed. Use of the power tool for operations different from those intended could result in a hazardous situation.

## 5. Service

a. Have your power tool serviced by a qualified repair person using only identical replacement parts. This will ensure that the safety of the power tool is maintained.

## Grinding, Sanding or Wire Brushing Operation Safety Warnings

1. This power tool is intended to function as a grinder, sander or wire brushing tool. Read all safety warnings, instructions, illustrations and specifications provided with this power tool. Failure to follow all instructions listed below may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury.
2. Operations such as polishing or cutting-off are not recommended to be performed with this power tool. Operations for which the power tool was not designed may create a hazard and cause personal injury.
3. Do not use accessories which are not specifically designed and recommended by the tool manufacturer. Just because the accessory can be attached to your power tool, it does not assure safe operation.
4. The rated speed of the accessory must be at least equal to the maxi-
mum speed marked on the power tool. Accessories running faster than their RATED SPEED can break and fly apart.
5. The outside diameter and the thickness of your accessory must be within the capacity rating of your power tool. Incorrectly sized accessories cannot be adequately guarded or controlled.
6. The arbor size of wheels, flanges, backing pads or any other accessory must properly fit the spindle of the power tool. Accessories with arbor holes that do not match the mounting hardware of the power tool will run out of balance, vibrate excessively and may cause loss of control.
7. Do not use a damaged accessory. Before each use inspect the accessory such as abrasive wheels for chips and cracks, backing pad for cracks, tear or excess wear, wire brush for loose or cracked wires. If power tool or accessory is dropped, inspect for damage or install an undamaged accessory. After inspecting and installing an accessory, position yourself and bystanders away from the plane of the rotating accessory and run the power tool at maximum no-load speed for one minute. Damaged accessories will normally break apart during this test time.
8. Wear personal protective equipment. Depending on application, use face shield, safety goggles or safety glasses. As appropriate, wear dust mask, hearing protectors, gloves and workshop apron capable of stopping small abra-
sive or work piece fragments. The eye protection must be capable of stopping flying debris generated by various operations. The eye protection must be capable of stopping flying debris generated by various operations. The dust mask or respirator must be capable of filtrating particles generated by your operation. Prolonged exposure to high intensity noise may cause hearing loss.
9. Keep bystanders a safe distance away from work area. Anyone entering the work area must wear personal protective equipment. Fragments of work piece or of a broken accessory may fly away and cause injury beyond immediate area of operation.
10. Hold power tool by insulated gripping surfaces only, when performing an operation where the cutting accessory may contact hidden wiring or its own cord. Cutting accessory contacting a "live" wire may make exposed metal parts of the power tool "live" and shock the operator.
11. Position the cord clear of the spinning accessory. If you lose control, the cord may be cut or snagged and your hand or arm may be pulled into the spinning accessory.
12. Never lay the power tool down until the accessory has come to a complete stop. The spinning accessory may grab the surface and pull the power tool out of your control.
13. Do not run the power tool while carrying it at your side. Accidental contact with the spinning accessory
could snag your clothing, pulling the accessory into your body.
14. Regularly clean the power tool's air vents. The motor's fan will draw the dust inside the housing and excessive accumulation of powdered metal may cause electrical hazards.
15. Do not operate the power tool near flammable materials. Sparks could ignite these materials.
16. Do not use accessories that require liquid coolants. Using water or other liquid coolants may result in electrocution or shock.
17. Maintain labels and nameplates on the tool. These carry important safety information. If unreadable or missing, contact Harbor Freight Tools for a replacement.
18. Avoid unintentional starting. Prepare to begin work before turning on the tool.
19. Do not lay the tool down until it has come to a complete stop. Moving parts can grab the surface and pull the tool out of your control.
20. Do not leave the tool unattended when it is plugged into an electrical outlet. Turn off the tool, and unplug it from its electrical outlet before leaving.
21. This product is not a toy. Keep it out of reach of children.
22. People with pacemakers should consult their physician(s) before use. Electromagnetic fields in close proximity to heart pacemaker could cause pacemaker interference or pacemaker failure. In addition, people with
pacemakers should:

- Avoid operating alone.
- Do not use with power switch locked on.
- Properly maintain and inspect to avoid electrical shock.
- Any power cord must be properly grounded. Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) should also be implemented - it prevents sustained electrical shock.

23. Some dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling, and other construction activities, contains chemicals known [to the State of California] to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Some examples of these chemicals are:

- Lead from lead-based paints
- Crystalline silica from bricks and cement or other masonry products
- Arsenic and chromium from chemically treated lumber
Your risk from these exposures varies, depending on how often you do this type of work. To reduce your exposure to these chemicals: work in a well ventilated area, and work with approved safety equipment, such as those dust masks that are specially designed to filter out microscopic particles. (California Health \& Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq.)

24. WARNING: Handling the cord on this product will expose you to lead, a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling. (California Health \& Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq.)
25. The warnings, precautions, and instructions discussed in this instruction
manual cannot cover all possible conditions and situations that may occur. It must be understood by the operator that common sense and caution are factors which cannot be built into this product, but must be supplied by the operator.

## Kickback and Related Warnings

Kickback is a sudden reaction to a pinched or snagged rotating wheel, backing pad, brush or any other accessory. Pinching or snagging causes rapid stalling of the rotating accessory which in turn causes the uncontrolled power tool to be forced in the direction opposite of the accessory's rotation at the point of the binding.

For example, if an abrasive wheel is snagged or pinched by the workpiece, the edge of the wheel that is entering into the pinch point can dig into the surface of the material causing the wheel to climb out or kick out. The wheel may either jump toward or away from the operator, depending on direction of the wheel's movement at the point of pinching. Abrasive wheels may also break under these conditions.

Kickback is the result of power tool misuse and/or incorrect operating procedures or conditions and can be avoided by taking proper precautions as given below.

1. Maintain a firm grip on the power tool and position your body and arm to allow you to resist kickback forces. Always use auxiliary handle, if provided, for maximum control over kickback or torque reaction during start-up. The operator can control torque reactions or kickback forces, if proper precautions are taken.
2. Never place your hand near the rotating accessory. Accessory may kickback over your hand.
3. Do not position your body in the area where power tool will move if kickback occurs. Kickback will propel the tool in direction opposite to the wheel's movement at the point of snagging.
4. Use special care when working corners, sharp edges etc. Avoid bouncing and snagging the accessory. Corners, sharp edges or bouncing have a tendency to snag the rotating accessory and cause loss of control or kickback.
5. Do not attach a saw chain woodcarving blade or toothed saw blade. Such blades create frequent kickback and loss of control.

## Safety Warnings Specific for Grinding Operations

1. Use only wheel types that are recommended for your power tool and the specific guard designed for the selected wheel. Wheels for which the power tool was not designed cannot be adequately guarded and are unsafe.
2. The guard must be securely attached to the power tool and positioned for maximum safety, so the least amount of wheel is exposed towards the operator. The guard helps to protect operator from broken wheel fragments and accidental contact with wheel.
3. Wheels must be used only for recommended applications. For example: do not grind with the
side of cut-off wheel. Abrasive cutoff wheels are intended for peripheral grinding, side forces applied to these wheels may cause them to shatter.
4. Always use undamaged wheel flanges that are of correct size and shape for your selected wheel. Proper wheel flanges support the wheel thus reducing the possibility of wheel breakage. Flanges for cut-off wheels may be different from grinding wheel flanges.
5. Do not use worn down wheels from larger power tools. Wheel intended for larger power tool is not suitable for the higher speed of a smaller tool and may burst.

## Vibration Safety

This tool vibrates during use. Repeated or long-term exposure to vibration may cause temporary or permanent physical injury, particularly to the hands, arms and shoulders. To reduce the risk of vibration-related injury:

1. Anyone using vibrating tools regularly or for an extended period should first be examined by a doctor and then have regular medical checkups to ensure medical problems are not being caused or worsened from use. Pregnant women or people who have impaired blood circulation to the hand, past hand injuries, nervous system disorders, diabetes, or Raynaud's Disease should not use this tool. If you feel any medical or physical symptoms related to vibration (such as tingling, numbness, and white or blue fingers), seek medical advice as soon as possible.
2. Do not smoke during use. Nicotine reduces the blood supply to the hands and fingers, increasing the risk of vibration-related injury.
3. Wear suitable gloves to reduce the vibration effects on the user.
4. Use tools with the lowest vibration when there is a choice between different processes.
5. Include vibration-free periods each day of work.
6. Grip tool as lightly as possible (while still keeping safe control of it). Let the tool do the work.
7. To reduce vibration, maintain the tool as explained in this manual. If any abnormal vibration occurs, stop use immediately.

## GROUNDING



TO PREVENT ELECTRIC SHOCK AND DEATH FROM INCORRECT GROUNDING WIRE CONNECTION: Check with a qualified electrician if you are in doubt as to whether the outlet is properly grounded. Do not modify the power cord plug provided with the tool. Never remove the grounding prong from the plug. Do not use the tool if the power cord or plug is damaged. If damaged, have it repaired by a service facility before use. If the plug will not fit the outlet, have a proper outlet installed by a qualified electrician.

Grounded Tools: Tools with Three Prong Plugs


3-Prong Plug and Outlet

1. Tools marked with "Grounding Required" have a three wire cord and three prong grounding plug. The plug must be connected to a properly grounded outlet. If the tool should electrically malfunction or break down, grounding provides a low resistance path to carry electricity away from the user, reducing the risk
of electric shock. (See 3-Prong Plug and Outlet.)
2. The grounding prong in the plug is connected through the green wire inside the cord to the grounding system in the tool. The green wire in the cord must be the only wire connected to the tool's grounding system and must never be attached to an electrically "live" terminal. (See 3-Prong Plug and Outlet.)
3. The tool must be plugged into an appropriate outlet, properly installed and grounded in accordance with all codes and ordinances. The plug and outlet should look like those in the preceding illustration. (See 3-Prong Plug and Outlet.)

## Double Insulated Tools: Tools with Two Prong Plugs



Outlets for 2-Prong Plug

1. Tools marked "Double Insulated" do not require grounding. They have a special double insulation system which satisfies OSHA requirements and complies with the applicable standards of Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., the Canadian Standard Association, and the National Electrical Code. (See Outlets for 2-Prong Plug.)
2. Double insulated tools may be used in either of the 120 volt outlets shown in the preceding illustration. (See Outlets for 2-Prong Plug.)

## Extension Cords

1. Grounded tools require a three wire extension cord. Double Insulated tools can use either a two or three wire extension cord.
2. As the distance from the supply outlet increases, you must use a heavier gauge extension cord. Using extension cords with inadequately sized wire causes a serious drop in voltage, resulting in loss of power and possible tool damage.
(See Table A.) The smaller the gauge number of the wire, the greater the capacity of the cord. For example, a 14 gauge cord can carry a higher current than a 16 gauge cord.

## (See Table A.)

3. When using more than one extension cord to make up the total length, make sure each cord contains at least the minimum wire size required. (See Table A.)
4. If you are using one extension cord for more than one tool, add the nameplate amperes and use the sum to determine the required minimum cord size. (See Table A.)
5. If you are using an extension cord outdoors, make sure it is marked with the suffix "W-A" ("W" in Canada) to indicate it is acceptable for outdoor use.
6. Make sure the extension cord is properly wired and in good electrical condition. Always replace a damaged
extension cord or have it repaired by a qualified electrician before using it.
7. Protect the extension cords from sharp objects, excessive heat, and damp or wet areas.

| RECOMMENDED MINIMUM WIRE GAUGE FOR EXTENSION CORDS* (120/240 VOLT) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NAMEPLATE | EXTENSION CORD LENGTH |  |  |  |  |
| AMPERES <br> (at full load) | กค | ¢\% | in | 응 | \% |
| 0-2.0 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 16 |
| 2.1-3.4 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 16 | 14 |
| 3.5-5.0 | 18 | 18 | 16 | 14 | 12 |
| 5.1-7.0 | 18 | 16 | 14 | 12 | 12 |
| 7.1-12.0 | 18 | 14 | 12 | 10 | - |
| 12.1-16.0 | 14 | 12 | 10 | - | - |
| 16.1-20.0 | 12 | 10 | - | - | - |
| TABLE A | * Based on limiting the line voltage drop to five volts at $150 \%$ of the rated amperes. |  |  |  |  |

Symbology

| I | Double Insulated |
| :---: | :---: |
| Si | Canadian Standards Association |
| (U) | Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. |
| $V \sim$ | Volts Alternating Current |
| A | Amperes |
| $\mathrm{n}_{0} \mathrm{xXXX} / \mathrm{min}$. | No Load Revolutions per Minute (RPM) |


| SPECIFICATIONS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Electrical Requirements | 120 V~ / 1300 W Input, 780 W Output |
| Motor No Load Speed | 8,500 RPM |
| Wheel Diameter | $7{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Arbor Diameter | 7/8" |
| Spindle Thread | 5/8" $\times 11 \mathrm{TPI}$ |

## UNPACKING

When unpacking, check to make sure that the item is intact and undamaged. If any parts are missing or broken, please call Harbor Freight Tools at the number shown on the cover of this manual as soon as possible.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR PUTTING INTO USE

Read the ENTIRE IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION
section at the beginning of this manual including all text under
subheadings therein before set manual including all text under up or use of this product.

## AWARNING <br> TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY

FROM ACCIDENTAL OPERATION:
Turn the Power Switch of the
tool to its "OFF" position and
Turn the Power Switch of the
tool to its "OFF" position and unplug the tool from its electrical outlet before assembling or making any assembling or making a
adjustments to the tool.

Note: For additional information regarding the parts listed in the following pages, part listed in the following pages
refer to the Assembly Diagram near the end of this manual.

## Assembly

## AWARNING

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY:
Do not operate this tool with one hand only or without the Auxiliary Handle properly installed.

Attach the Side Handle (24) by screwing it into the hole on the right, left or top of the Reducer (19), depending on your preference.

## Functions

This hand-held tool may be used for grinding operations.

## OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

a
Read the ENTIRE IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION section at the beginning of this manual including all text under subheadings therein before set up or use of this product.

## Tool Set Up

## AWARNING <br> TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY

## FROM ACCIDENTAL

 OPERATION:Turn the Power Switch of the tool to its "OFF" position and unplug the tool from its electrical outlet before performing any inspection, maintenance, or cleaning procedures.

Do not install a circular saw blade, a wood carving blade, carving disc with saw chain cutters, or a cutting-carving disc on this tool.

Each accessory must have the correct Arbor size and must fit properly on the Shoulder Bushing. Make sure accessories are tightened down securely.

## Installing a Grinding Wheel

1. Before installing a grinding wheel, review the warnings on pages 4-8.
The Grinding Wheel MUST be:

- rated to at least 8,500 RPM.
- no larger than 7 " in diameter.
- fitted with a 7/8" round arbor hole.
- a type of grinding wheel suitable for surface grinding, not edge grinding.
- dry and clean.
- proven undamaged by inspection and by the ring-test explained below.

2. Push the Brake Pin (22) button while slowly turning the Outer Flange (1) with the Spanner (50) provided until the Brake Pin depresses fully. This will prevent the Spindle (7) from spinning and allow you to unscrew the Outer Flange.
3. Remove the Outer Flange.
4. Closely inspect the Grinding Wheel before mounting. Perform a ring-test on the wheel (unless wheel is smaller than 7" or is an unusual shape) as follows:
a. Suspend wheel using a pin or finger through the arbor hole.

b. Tap the flat side of the wheel with a light non-metallic object, such as a screwdriver handle, at a point $45^{\circ}$ from the vertical center line on each side of the wheel and 1-2 inches from the edge of the wheel (see IIlustration).
c. Rotate the wheel 45 degrees and repeat the test until the entire wheel has been checked.
d. An undamaged wheel will give a clear tone. If cracked, there will be a dead sound and not a clear ring.
5. Slip the grinding wheel onto the Spindle with a paper gasket, or blotter, first. The blotter should be centered on the grinding wheel and the wheel and blotter should rest flat against the Inner Flange.
AWARNING: To prevent serious injury, blotters must be used for all grinding wheels they are provided with. Blotters help prevent grinding wheel damage and wheel slippage, causes of wheel failure.
6. Thread the Outer Flange onto the Spindle. Wrench tighten only enough so that the wheel is securely held on the spindle.
AWARNING: To prevent serious injury, do not overtighten flange. Overtightening can damage the wheel, causing wheel failure.

## Guard Adjustment

7. Adjust the Wheel Guard so that it provides a shield between the user and the wheel.
8. Loosen the Nut (4) that holds the Guard in place, reposition the Guard as needed to provide protection from the wheel, and tighten the Nut again. Do not remove the guard.

## Work Piece and Work Area Set Up

1. Designate a work area that is clean and well-lit. The work area must not
allow access by children or pets to prevent injury and distraction.
2. Route the power cord along a safe route to reach the work area without creating a tripping hazard or exposing the power cord to possible damage. The power cord must reach the work area with enough extra length to allow free movement while working.
3. Secure loose work pieces using a vise or clamps (not included) to prevent movement while working.
4. There must not be hazardous objects, such as utility lines or foreign objects, nearby that will present a hazard while working.
5. You must use personal safety equipment including, but not limited to, ANSI-approved eye and hearing protection, as well as heavy work gloves.
6. Before beginning work, provide for sparks and debris that will fly off the work surface.

## General Operating Instructions

## AWARNING

## TO PREVENT

 SERIOUS INJURY:
## Grip the tool firmly in both hands.

1. Plug the Cord (41) into the electrical outlet.
2. Secure the material being cut. Hold the Handle with one hand, and the Back Handle (44) with the other, and press down on the Switch (38). This will start the motor.
3. Allow the tool to come up to full speed before touching the work material.
4. Apply the wheel to the work material, allowing the tool to operate at full speed. If the tool bogs down, use lighter pressure.
5. To lock the tool in the "On" position, activate the Switch and push the Switch Lock (51) button located on the left side of the Back Handle. Now you can continue grinding without having to hold onto the Switch. Keep your hand in same position in case you need to shut off the unit in a hurry. To turn the tool off, press down on the Switch again.
6. To create a smoother surface, keep the tool moving over the work surface.
7. Release the Trigger Switch to stop the tool.
8. Allow the tool to come to a complete stop before setting it down.
9. To prevent accidents, turn off the tool and disconnect its power supply after
use. Clean, then store the tool indoors out of children's reach.

# MAINTENANCE AND SERVICING 

## 

Procedures not specifically explained in this manual must be performed only by a qualified technician.

AWARNING
TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY
FROM ACCIDENTAL OPERATION:
Turn the Power Switch of the tool to its "OFF" position and unplug the tool from its electrical outlet before performing any inspection, maintenance, or cleaning procedures.

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM TOOL FAILURE:
Do not use damaged equipment. If abnormal noise or vibration occurs, have the problem corrected before further use.

Cleaning, Maintenance, and Lubrication

1. BEFORE EACH USE, inspect the general condition of the tool. Check for loose screws, misalignment or binding of moving parts, cracked or broken parts, damaged electrical wiring, and any other condition that may affect its safe operation.
2. Periodically blow dust and grit out of the motor vents using dry compressed air. Always wear safety glasses when performing this maintenance operation.
3. AFTER USE, clean external surfaces of the tool with clean cloth. Never use solvents or harsh cleaners as they may damage the housing. To prevent electrical shock, do not allow water or other liquids to enter the motor vent holes.
4. CARBON BRUSH (46) MAINTENANCE.
The carbon brushes may require maintenance when the motor performance of the tool decreases or stops working completely. To maintain the brushes:
a. Unscrew the Brush Cap (45) using a flat head screwdriver (sold separately).
b. Pull Brush from the Plastic Housing (35). Keep track of which orientation the old carbon brushes were in to prevent needless wear if they will be reinstalled.
c. If either carbon brush is worn down by more than $1 / 2$, replace both carbon brushes.
d. To clean old carbon brushes before reusing them, rub the contact areas with a pencil eraser.
e. Hold the spring clips to the side and reinsert the old carbon brushes in the same orientation to reduce wear.
f. When installing the carbon brushes, make sure the carbon portions of the carbon brushes contact the motor armature, and that the indented portions of the brushes are positioned where the springs contact. Also, make sure the springs operate freely.
g. Reconnect the Carbon Brush Leads.
h. Replace the Brush Caps. Do not overtighten.

Note: New carbon brushes tend to spark when first used until they wear and conform to the motor's armature.
5. AWARNING! If the supply cord of this power tool is damaged, it must be replaced only by a qualified service technician.

| Troubleshooting |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Problem | Possible Causes | Likely Solutions |
| Tool will not start | $\begin{array}{l}\text { 1. No power at outlet. } \\ \text { 2. Cord not connected. } \\ \text { 3. Carbon Brushes may be worn or } \\ \text { damaged. }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{l}\text { 1. Check power at outlet. } \\ \text { 2. Check that cord is plugged in. } \\ \text { 3. Inspect Carbon Brushes and replace if } \\ \text { necessary. }\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Tool operates } \\ \text { slowly or } \\ \text { erratically. }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{l}\text { 1. Carbon Brushes may be worn or } \\ \text { damaged. }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{l}\text { 2. Inspect Carbon Brushes and replace if } \\ \text { necessary. } \\ \text { workpiece. }\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Tool does not grind } \\ \text { effectively. }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{l}\text { 1. } \begin{array}{l}\text { Disc accessory may be loose on } \\ \text { Spindle. Check tightness of Outer } \\ \text { Flange Arbor Nut or threaded disc } \\ \text { accessory on Spindle. }\end{array} \\ \text { 2. Disc accessory may be damaged, } \\ \text { worn or wrong type for the } \\ \text { material. }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{l}\text { 1. Be sure disc accessory is of correct } \\ \text { dimension and Outer Flange Arbor Nut } \\ \text { is tight. }\end{array}$ |
| 2. Check condition and type of disc |  |  |
| accessory. Use only proper type of |  |  |
| disc accessory in good condition. |  |  |$]$| Follow all safety precautions whenever diagnosing or servicing the |
| :--- |
| tool. Disconnect power supply before service. |

PARTS LIST

| Item No. | Part Name | Q'ty | Item No. | Part Name | Q'ty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Outside flange | 1 | 25 | Spring washer 8 | 1 |
| 2 | Inner flange | 1 | 26 | Small gear | 1 |
| 3 | Wheel guard | 1 | 27 | Bearing 80201 | 1 |
| 4 | Nut M8 | 2 | 28 | Armature | 1 |
| 5 | Screw M8× 25 | 1 | 29 | Bearing 80018 | 1 |
| 6 | Key $4 \times 5 \times 13$ | 1 | 30 | Rubber bush | 1 |
| 7 | Spindle | 1 | 31 | Guide wind circle | 1 |
| 8 | Screw M5 $\times 16$ | 1 | 32 | Screw ST4. $2 \times 75$ | 1 |
| 9 | Spring washer 5 | 4 | 33 | Stator | 1 |
| 10 | Bearing housing | 1 | 34 | Terminal | 2 |
| 11 | Bearing 80102 | 1 | 35 | Plastic housing | 1 |
| 12 | Bearing cover | 2 | 36 | Name plate | 1 |
| 13 | Screw M4× 10 | 6 | 37 | Back handle (A) | 1 |
| 14 | Spring washer 4 | 6 | 38 | Switch | 1 |
| 15 | Big gear | 1 | 39 | Screw ST4. $2 \times 14$ | 2 |
| 16 | Circlip for shaft | 1 | 40 | Cord clip | 1 |
| 17 | Bronze bush | 1 | 41 | Cord | 1 |
| 18 | Screw ST5 $\times 35$ | 4 | 42 | Rubber sleeve | 1 |
| 19 | Reducer | 1 | 43 | Screw ST4. $2 \times 22$ | 5 |
| 20 | " $\mathrm{E}^{\prime \prime}$ ring 6 | 1 | 44 | Back handle (B) | 1 |
| 21 | Spring | 1 | 45 | Brush cap | 2 |
| 22. | Brake pin | 1 | 46 | Carbon brush | 2 |
| 23 | Rubber plunge | 3 | 47 | Brush holder | 2 |
| 24 | Side handle | 1 | 50 | Spranner | 1 |
|  |  |  | 51 | Switch Lock | 1 |

## PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING CAREFULLY

THE MANUFACTURER AND/OR DISTRIBUTOR HAS PROVIDED THE PARTS LIST AND ASSEMBLY DIAGRAM IN THIS MANUAL AS A REFERENCE TOOL ONLY. NEITHER THE MANUFACTURER OR DISTRIBUTOR MAKES ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND TO THE BUYER THAT HE OR SHE IS QUALIFIED TO MAKE ANY REPAIRS TO THE PRODUCT, OR THAT HE OR SHE IS QUALIFIED TO REPLACE ANY PARTS OF THE PRODUCT. IN FACT, THE MANUFACTURER AND/ OR DISTRIBUTOR EXPRESSLY STATES THAT ALL REPAIRS AND PARTS REPLACEMENTS SHOULD BE UNDERTAKEN BY CERTIFIED AND LICENSED TECHNICIANS, AND NOT BY THE BUYER. THE BUYER ASSUMES ALL RISK AND LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF HIS OR HER REPAIRS TO THE ORIGINAL PRODUCT OR REPLACEMENT PARTS THERETO, OR ARISING OUT OF HIS OR HER INSTALLATION OF REPLACEMENT PARTS THERETO.

## ASSEMBLY DIAGRAM



Record Product's Serial Number Here: $\qquad$
Note: If product has no serial number, record month and year of purchase instead.
Note: Some parts are listed and shown for illustration purposes only, and are not available individually as replacement parts.

## LIMITED 90 DAY WARRANTY

Harbor Freight Tools Co. makes every effort to assure that its products meet high quality and durability standards, and warrants to the original purchaser that this product is free from defects in materials and workmanship for the period of 90 days from the date of purchase. This warranty does not apply to damage due directly or indirectly, to misuse, abuse, negligence or accidents, repairs or alterations outside our facilities, criminal activity, improper installation, normal wear and tear, or to lack of maintenance. We shall in no event be liable for death, injuries to persons or property, or for incidental, contingent, special or consequential damages arising from the use of our product. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation of exclusion may not apply to you. THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS.

To take advantage of this warranty, the product or part must be returned to us with transportation charges prepaid. Proof of purchase date and an explanation of the complaint must accompany the merchandise. If our inspection verifies the defect, we will either repair or replace the product at our election or we may elect to refund the purchase price if we cannot readily and quickly provide you with a replacement. We will return repaired products at our expense, but if we determine there is no defect, or that the defect resulted from causes not within the scope of our warranty, then you must bear the cost of returning the product.

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